EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2024



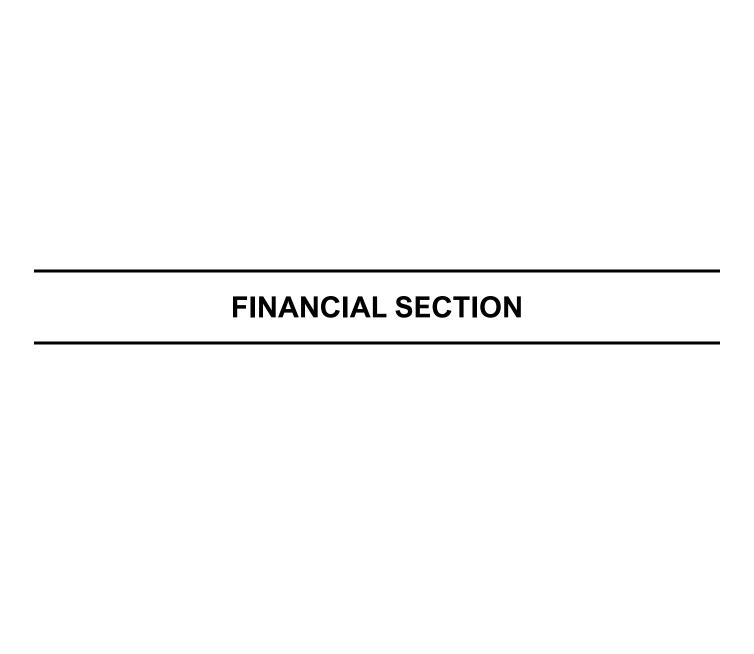
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REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Monte Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Monte Union High School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the El Monte Union High School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the El Monte Union High School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the El Monte Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the El Monte Union High School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2024 on our consideration of the El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 16, 2024

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

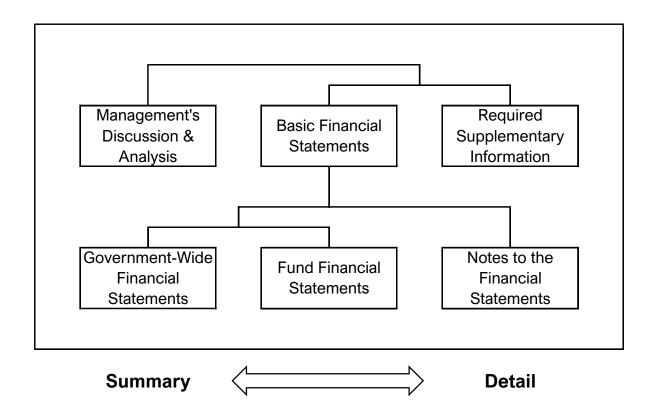
Our discussion and analysis of El Monte Union High School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$109,754,321 at June 30, 2024. This was an increase of \$11,898,596 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$227,246,268, which exceeded expenses of \$215,347,672.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$109,754,321 at June 30, 2024, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(87,909,219) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					
		2024	2023	Net Change		
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$	245,336,838 \$	270,019,523 \$	(24,682,685)		
Capital assets		330,872,269	262,666,751	68,205,518		
Total Assets		576,209,107	532,686,274	43,522,833		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		56,261,204	56,127,482	133,722		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		35,946,958	38,696,302	(2,749,344)		
Long-term liabilities		472,804,031	431,820,579	40,983,452		
Total Liabilities		508,750,989	470,516,881	38,234,108		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,965,001	21,295,853	(7,330,852)		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		146,802,667	122,213,303	24,589,364		
Restricted		50,860,873	57,502,074	(6,641,201)		
Unrestricted		(87,909,219)	(81,859,652)	(6,049,567)		
Total Net Position	\$	109,754,321 \$	97,855,725 \$	11,898,596		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities						
		2024		2023		Net Change	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	1,149,712	\$	82,839	\$	1,066,873	
Operating grants and contributions		62,348,681		51,130,886		11,217,795	
Capital grants and contributions		16,608		-		16,608	
General revenues							
Property taxes		41,639,920		40,074,778		1,565,142	
Unrestricted federal and state aid		111,340,123		105,662,845		5,677,278	
Other		10,751,224		26,509,005		(15,757,781)	
Total Revenues		227,246,268		223,460,353		3,785,915	
EXPENSES							
Instruction		101,048,197		78,088,949		22,959,248	
Instruction-related services		20,859,767		17,197,841		3,661,926	
Pupil services		33,072,688		27,542,960		5,529,728	
General administration		12,278,950		9,756,576		2,522,374	
Plant services		28,314,366		24,085,046		4,229,320	
Ancillary and community services		7,734,939		7,768,501		(33,562)	
Debt service		10,839,642		10,625,128		214,514	
Other outgo		1,196,914		206,221		990,693	
Enterprise activities		2,209		1,310		899	
Total Expenses		215,347,672		175,272,532		40,075,140	
Change in net position		11,898,596		48,187,821		(36,289,225)	
Net Position - Beginning	<u>_</u>	97,855,725		49,667,904		48,187,821	
Net Position - Ending	\$	109,754,321	\$	97,855,725	\$	11,898,596	

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$215,347,672 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$41,639,920 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2024		2023			
Instruction	\$	67,316,742	\$	54,373,613			
Instruction-related services		13,640,569		10,884,080			
Pupil services		18,926,756		13,982,927			
General administration		10,946,542		8,275,600			
Plant services		24,842,826		20,974,641			
Ancillary and community services		4,484,177		4,755,346			
Debt service		10,839,642		10,625,128			
Transfers to other agencies		833,208		-			
Enterprise activities		2,209		1,310			
Total	\$	151,832,671	\$	123,872,645			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$217,043,148, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$242,099,503. The District's General Fund had \$5,575,484 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's Building Fund had \$52,931,635 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024, along with other financing sources of \$34,520,667 for a net decrease in fund balance of \$18,410,968.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2023-2024

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2023-2024 the District had invested \$330,872,269 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization.

	Governmental Activities						
		2024		2023		Net Change	
CAPITAL ASSETS						_	
Land	\$	9,439,111	\$	9,439,111	\$	-	
Construction in progress		103,261,623		49,312,925		53,948,698	
Land improvements		34,768,717		29,133,476		5,635,241	
Buildings & improvements		311,979,978		296,229,436		15,750,542	
Furniture & equipment		35,858,154		32,676,893		3,181,261	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(164,462,967)		(154,263,362)		(10,199,605)	
Lease assets - furniture & equipment		359,510		359,510		-	
Less: Accumulated amortization (lease assets)		(331,857)		(221,238)		(110,619)	
Total	\$	330,872,269	\$	262,666,751	\$	68,205,518	

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$472,804,031 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 9.49% from last year – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities						
		2024	2023	Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Total general obligation bonds	\$	303,639,183 \$	275,107,659 \$	28,531,524			
Financed purchases		9,645,000	9,905,000	(260,000)			
Leases		20,012	137,312	(117,300)			
Compensated absences		1,741,310	1,695,226	46,084			
Total OPEB liability		34,431,757	32,912,066	1,519,691			
Net pension liability		130,751,613	122,063,199	8,688,414			
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(7,424,844)	(9,999,883)	2,575,039			
Total	\$	472,804,031 \$	431,820,579 \$	40,983,452			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Several economic factors could impact California school district funding and the District's budget in the next fiscal year:

<u>Long-term Declining Enrollment</u>: Lower birth rates and increased migration out of state have resulted in long-term declining enrollment across California schools. Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private and parochial schools, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions, and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to adjust fixed operating costs.

Revenue Uncertainties: Proposition 98 guarantees have improved over the 2023-24 fiscal year, but the prior 2022-23 revenues fell short of estimates, reducing the guarantee and resulting in the use of Proposition 98 reserves. California faced a significant budget deficit due to a severe revenue decline in 2022-23, driven mainly by lower income tax collections and economic downturns. However, recent tax forecasts show that actual revenues surpass projections. Surpluses could help fund more Proposition 98 revenue for school districts.

<u>Underfunded Pension Liabilities:</u> The District participates in state employee pension plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024. The amount of the liability is material to the District's financial position. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2024-25 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2024-25 is 27.05 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

<u>Economic Downturn:</u> Higher borrowing costs and reduced investment have slowed economic activity, particularly affecting sectors like technology and startups, which are crucial to California's economy. The unemployment rate is up but might reverse with future jobs in the technology and aerospace industries.

<u>Federal Reserve Actions:</u> The Federal Reserve's interest rate hikes have increased borrowing costs, reducing investment and economic growth.

<u>Stock Market Performance:</u> The steep decline in the stock market in prior years has negatively impacted income tax collections from high-income Californians and corporations. Overall, market performance in 2024 is trending in a positive direction.

These factors contribute to a challenging fiscal environment, potentially affecting the state's ability to maintain or increase funding for school districts. All these factors were considered in preparing the District's 2024-25 fiscal year budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at El Monte Union High School District, located at 3537 Johnson Ave., El Monte, California, 91731.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 229,599,250
Accounts receivable	13,877,413
Inventory	510,710
Other current assets	781,598
Lease receivable	567,867
Capital assets, not depreciated	112,700,734
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	218,143,882
Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization	27,653
Total Assets	576,209,107
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	48,185,377
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,836,309
Deferred amount on refunding	5,239,518
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	56,261,204
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	27,903,613
Unearned revenue	618,501
Long-term liabilities, current portion	7,424,844
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	472,804,031
Total Liabilities	508,750,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	10,847,886
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	2,549,248
Deferred inflows related to leases	567,867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,965,001
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	146,802,667
Restricted:	
Capital projects	5,332,946
Debt service	3,550,371
Educational programs	37,015,774
Food service	3,819,136
Associated student body	1,142,646
Unrestricted	(87,909,219)
Total Net Position	\$ 109,754,321

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

					Proc	gram Revenues	i		Re	evenues and Changes in et Position
			-		_	Operating		Capital		
			С	harges for		Grants and	(Grants and	Go	vernmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Co	ontributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		•								
Instruction	\$	101,048,197	\$	1,099,594	\$	32,615,253	\$	16,608	\$	(67,316,742)
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		7,693,370		18		2,934,283		-		(4,759,069)
Instructional library, media, and technology		738,226		58		10,926		-		(727,242)
School site administration		12,428,171		51		4,273,862		-		(8,154,258)
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		3,276,592		-		22,011		-		(3,254,581)
Food services		7,250,350		9,106		7,631,947		-		390,703
All other pupil services		22,545,746		4		6,482,864		-		(16,062,878)
General administration										
Centralized data processing		2,830,639		2,281		11,745		-		(2,816,613)
All other general administration		9,448,311		13,908		1,304,474		-		(8,129,929)
Plant services		28,314,366		3,153		3,468,387		-		(24,842,826)
Ancillary services		7,705,050		159		3,247,514		-		(4,457,377)
Community services		29,889		502		2,587		-		(26,800)
Enterprise activities		2,209		-		-		-		(2,209)
Interest on long-term debt		10,839,642		-		-		-		(10,839,642)
Other outgo		1,196,914		20,878		342,828		-		(833,208)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	215,347,672	\$	1,149,712	\$	62,348,681	\$	16,608		(151,832,671)
	Gen	eral revenues								
	Ta	xes and subvent	ions							
	P	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r general purp	oses					26,629,726
	P	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r debt service						13,814,700
	P	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r other specific	pur	poses				1,195,494
	F	ederal and state	aid no	t restricted for	spec	cific purposes				111,340,123
	Inte	erest and investi	ment ea	arnings						9,255,531
	Mi	scellaneous								1,495,693
	Sub	total, General F	Revenu	е						163,731,267
	CHA	NGE IN NET PC	OITIE	N						11,898,596
		Position - Begi	•							97,855,725
	Net	Position - Endi	ng						\$	109,754,321

Net (Expenses)

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund Building Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	93,973,241	\$ 105,947,871	\$ 29,678,138	\$	229,599,250
Accounts receivable		9,317,488	1,007,564	3,552,361		13,877,413
Stores inventory		373,797	-	136,913		510,710
Other current assets		781,598	-	-		781,598
Lease receivable		567,867	-	-		567,867
Total Assets	\$	105,013,991	\$ 106,955,435	\$ 33,367,412	\$	245,336,838
LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities	\$	14,159,779	\$ 11,408,540	\$ 1,539,003	\$	27,107,322
Unearned revenue		618,501	-	-		618,501
Total Liabilities		14,778,280	11,408,540	1,539,003		27,725,823
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Deferred inflows related to leases		567,867	-	-		567,867
Total Deferred Inflows		567,867	-	-		567,867
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		403,797	-	142,213		546,010
Restricted		25,899,720	95,546,895	25,757,444		147,204,059
Committed		41,259,195	-	5,928,752		47,187,947
Assigned		16,445,199	-	-		16,445,199
Unassigned		5,659,933		 		5,659,933
Total Fund Balances		89,667,844	95,546,895	31,828,409		217,043,148
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		·		·		
and Fund Balances	\$	105,013,991	\$ 106,955,435	\$ 33,367,412	\$	245,336,838

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 217,043,148

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

JUNE 30, 2024

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets, lease assets, accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization:

Capital assets	\$ 495,307,583	
Lease assets	359,510	
Accumulated depreciation	(164,462,967)	
Accumulated amortization (lease assets)	(331,857)	330,872,269

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

5,239,518

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(796,291)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 303,639,183	
Financed purchases	9,645,000	
Leases	20,012	
Compensated absences	1,741,310	
Total OPEB liability	34,431,757	
Net pension liability	130,751,613	(480,228,875)

(continued on the next page)

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred outflows and	l inflows of resource	s relating to pensions:
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In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 48,185,377

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (10,847,886) 37,337,491

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 2,836,309

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (2,549,248) 287,061

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 109,754,321

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	G	eneral Fund	Building Fund	G	Non-Major lovernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	128,916,914	\$ -	\$	6,000,000	\$	134,916,914
Federal sources		20,734,853	-		7,819,060		28,553,913
Other state sources		13,520,782	-		15,800,028		29,320,810
Other local sources		13,466,377	6,105,354		21,050,163		40,621,894
Total Revenues		176,638,926	6,105,354		50,669,251		233,413,531
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		88,858,547	-		7,570,287		96,428,834
Instruction-related services							
Instructional supervision and administration		7,001,338	-		706,683		7,708,021
Instructional library, media, and technology		667,981	-		-		667,981
School site administration		8,836,876	-		3,541,420		12,378,296
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation		3,237,513	-		-		3,237,513
Food services		435,118	-		6,772,081		7,207,199
All other pupil services		21,953,677	-		625,547		22,579,224
General administration							
Centralized data processing		2,785,803	-		-		2,785,803
All other general administration		7,998,974	-		752,282		8,751,256
Plant services		23,517,285	-		2,392,002		25,909,287
Facilities acquisition and construction		11,416,325	57,794,664		10,582,335		79,793,324
Ancillary services		4,487,511	-		3,210,553		7,698,064
Community services		29,889	-		-		29,889
Enterprise activities		-	-		2,209		2,209
Transfers to other agencies		866,914	_		· -		866,914
Debt service		, .					,-
Principal		117,300	260,000		8,330,135		8,707,435
Interest and other		3,359	982,325		7,044,130		8,029,814
Total Expenditures		182,214,410	59,036,989		51,529,664		292,781,063
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		- , , -	, ,		- ,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Over Expenditures		(5,575,484)	(52,931,635))	(860,413)		(59,367,532)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(, , , ,	, , ,		, , ,		
Transfers in		_	512,085		-		512,085
Other sources		_	34,008,582		302,595		34,311,177
Transfers out		(450,000)	- 1,223,002		(62,085)		(512,085)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(450,000)	34,520,667		240,510		34,311,177
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(6,025,484)	(18,410,968)	١	(619,903)		(25,056,355)
Fund Balance - Beginning		95,693,328	113,957,863	,	32,448,312		242,099,503
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	89,667,844	\$ 95,546,895	\$	31,828,409	\$	217,043,148

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (25,056,355)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets, including lease assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets, including lease assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and amortization expense, respectively. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense and amortization expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:	\$ 78,515,742	
Depreciation expense:	(10,199,605)	
Amortization expense (lease assets):	(110,619)	68,205,518

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

9,067,300

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(34,311,177)

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(569,454)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(19,892)

(continued on the next page)

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Accreted interest of	n long-term	debt:
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In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(3,878,357)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(46,084)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(2,185,708)

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(275,205)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

968,010

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 11,898,596

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The **El Monte Union High School District** (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. <u>Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectable amounts. An associated deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable, plus any prepayments at the beginning of the lease. The deferred inflow is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Included in capital assets are right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings Improvements/Infrastructure Equipment

Estimated Useful Life

20-50 Years 5-50 Years 2 to 15 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2024

Measurement Period July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 99 – In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 102 – In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 103 – In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental				
	Activities				
Investment in county treasury	\$	236,114,646			
Fair value adjustment		(7,693,342)			
Cash on hand and in banks		1,142,646			
Cash in revolving fund		35,300			
Total	\$	229,599,250			

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
A vith a vise of the contract True of	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$228,421,304. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 668 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2024, the District's bank balance of \$850,994 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Uncategoriz				
Investment in county treasury	\$	228,421,304			
Total	\$	228,421,304			

Unactodorizad

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

					_	Non-Major	_	
					G	iovernmental	Ċ	Sovernmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Βι	uilding Fund		Funds		Activities
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	6,819,729	\$	-	\$	1,863,422	\$	8,683,151
State Government								
Categorical aid		979,179		-		1,148,665		2,127,844
Lottery		255,440		-		-		255,440
Local Government								
Other local sources		1,263,140		1,007,564		540,274		2,810,978
Total	\$	9,317,488	\$	1,007,564	\$	3,552,361	\$	13,877,413

B. Leases Receivable

Balance							Balance
General Fund	Jı	uly 01, 2023		Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2024
El Monte High Cell Tower	\$	40,849	\$	-	\$	30,624	\$ 10,225
Arroyo High Cell Tower		89,832		-		25,835	63,997
Rosemead High Cell Tower		60,542		-		16,114	44,428
El Monte High Auditorium Cell Tower		46,920		-		32,535	14,385
South El Monte High Auditorium Cell Tower		117,514		-		14,976	102,538
Arroyo High Cell Phone Light Pole		79,016		-		27,879	51,137
South El Monte High Billboard		414,449		-		210,066	204,383
Mountain View High Empty Lot		5,581		134,400		63,207	76,774
Total	\$	854,703	\$	134,400	\$	421,236	\$ 567,867

El Monte High Cell Tower

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular tower. The original lease was for a term of 5 years. The agreement allows for 3% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$30,624 in lease revenues and \$1,077 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$10,225 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

Arroyo High Cell Tower

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular tower. The original lease is for a term of 10 years. The agreement allows for 4% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$25,835 in lease revenues and \$3,123 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$63,997 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES (continued)

B. Lease Receivable (continued)

Rosemead High Cell Tower

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular tower. The original lease is for a term of 10 years. The agreement allows for 4% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$16,114 in lease revenues and \$2,128 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$44,428 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

El Monte High Auditorium Cell Tower

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular tower. The original lease is for a term of 10 years. The agreement allows for 4% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$32,535 in lease revenues and \$1,285 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$14,385 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

South El Monte High Auditorium Cell Tower

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular tower. The original lease is for a term of 20 years. The agreement allows for 4% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$14,976 in lease revenues and \$4,428 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$19,404 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

Arroyo High Cellular Phone Light Pole

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a cellular phone light pole. The original lease is for a term of 5 years. The agreement allows for 4% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$27,879 in lease revenues and \$2,653 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$51,137 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

South El Monte High Billboard

The District leases a portion of its facilities for a billboard. The original lease is for a term of 5 years. The agreement allows for 3% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$210,066 in lease revenues and \$12,755 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$204,384 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

Mountain View High Empty Lot

The District leases a portion of its school property. The original lease is for a term of 2 years. The agreement allows for 3% annual increases to the lease payments. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$63,207 in lease revenues and \$3,993 in interest revenue related to this agreement. At June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$76,774 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 4.0%, based on the rates available to finance real estate over the same time periods.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2023			Additions Deletions			Balance June 30, 2024		
Governmental Activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	9,439,111	\$	- \$	-	\$	9,439,111		
Construction in progress		49,312,925		75,334,483	21,385,785		103,261,623		
Total capital assets not being depreciated		58,752,036		75,334,483	21,385,785		112,700,734		
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land improvements		29,133,476		5,635,241	-		34,768,717		
Buildings & improvements		296,229,436		15,750,542	-		311,979,978		
Furniture & equipment		32,676,893		3,181,261	-		35,858,154		
Total capital assets being depreciated		358,039,805		24,567,044	-		382,606,849		
Less: Accumulated depreciation									
Land improvements		7,380,597		1,553,415	-		8,934,012		
Buildings & improvements		122,956,941		6,952,657	-		129,909,598		
Furniture & equipment		23,925,824		1,693,533	-		25,619,357		
Total accumulated depreciation		154,263,362		10,199,605	-		164,462,967		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		203,776,443		14,367,439	-		218,143,882		
Lease assets being amortized									
Furniture & equipment		359,510		-	-		359,510		
Total lease assets being amortized		359,510		-	-		359,510		
Less: Accumulated amortization for lease assets									
Furniture & equipment		221,238		110,619	-		331,857		
Total accumulated amortization for lease assets		221,238		110,619	-		331,857		
Total lease assets being amortized, net		138,272		(110,619)	-		27,653		
Governmental Activities		•		•	•				
Capital Assets, net	\$	262,666,751	\$	89,591,303 \$	21,385,785	\$	330,872,269		

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 8,783,232
Instructional supervision and administration	2,674
School site administration	254,052
Home-to-school transportation	607
All other pupil services	254,417
Centralized data processing	486
All other general administration	506,163
Plant services	508,593
Total	\$ 10,310,224

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Interfund Transfers Out	Buil	ding Fund	Total
General Fund	\$	450,000	\$ 450,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds		62,085	62,085
Total	\$	512,085	\$ 512,085
The General Fund transferred to the Building Fund for expenditures incurrence The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Adult Education Fund for		nditures	\$ 450,000
incurred.			62,085
Total			\$ 512,085

Interfund Transfers In

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Non-Major Governmental Governmental											
	G	eneral Fund	В	Building Fund		Activities						
Payroll	\$	2,715,308	\$	6,732	\$	469,108	\$	-	\$	3,191,148		
Construction		-		11,401,808		349,914		-		11,751,722		
Vendors payable		10,707,769		-		719,981		-		11,427,750		
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		796,291		796,291		
Due to grantor government		736,702		-		-		-		736,702		
Total	\$	14,159,779	\$	11,408,540	\$	1,539,003	\$	796,291	\$	27,903,613		

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 consisted of \$618,501 related to State categorical sources in the General Fund.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Jı	Balance uly 01, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities					•	
General obligation bonds	\$	258,232,403	\$ 37,886,939	\$ 8,690,000	\$ 287,429,342	\$ 5,832,384
Unamortized premium		16,968,263	302,595	972,905	16,297,953	1,297,343
Unamortized discount		(93,007)	-	(4,895)	(88,112)	(4,895)
Total general obligation bonds		275,107,659	38,189,534	9,658,010	303,639,183	7,124,832
Financed purchases		9,905,000	-	260,000	9,645,000	280,000
Leases		137,312	-	117,300	20,012	20,012
Compensated absences		1,695,226	46,084	-	1,741,310	-
Total OPEB liability		32,912,066	1,519,691	-	34,431,757	-
Net pension liability		122,063,199	8,688,414	-	130,751,613	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	441,820,462	\$ 48,443,723	\$ 10,035,310	\$ 480,228,875	\$ 7,424,844

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for financed purchases are made in the Building Fund.
- Payments for leases are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonds debt is as follows:

						Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	(Outstanding			(Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue		July 01, 2023	Additions	Deductions	J	une 30, 2024
Election 2008, Series B	August 9, 2012	June 1, 2042	1.68% - 7.00%	\$ 30,337,787	\$	51,801,635	\$ 2,979,525	\$ 890,000	\$	53,891,160
2015 Refunding	September 2, 2015	June 1, 2032	2.00% - 5.25%	27,195,000		8,490,000	-	1,790,000		6,700,000
2016 Refunding	March 16, 2016	June 1, 2034	2.00% - 5.00%	49,545,000		44,885,000	-	2,690,000		42,195,000
Election 2008, Series D	November 2, 2017	June 1, 2043	3.00% - 4.16%	10,895,098		10,219,719	71,845	-		10,291,564
Election 2018, Series A	May 7, 2019	June 1, 2049	4.00% - 5.00%	56,430,000		44,005,000	-	-		44,005,000
Election 2008, Series E	August 18, 2021	June 1, 2046	0.39% - 2.45%	33,496,221		34,816,049	826,987	115,000		35,528,036
Election 2018, Series B	August 18, 2021	June 1, 2050	4.00%	53,310,000		50,410,000	-	2,900,000		47,510,000
2021 Refunding	August 18, 2021	June 1, 2030	0.12% - 1.88%	14,360,000		13,605,000	-	305,000		13,300,000
Election 2008, Series F	May 7, 2024	June 1, 2049	4.72% - 4.80%	14,008,582		-	14,008,582	-		14,008,582
Election 2018, Series C	May 7, 2024	June 1, 2053	4.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000		-	20,000,000	-		20,000,000
					\$	258,232,403	\$ 37,886,939	\$ 8,690,000	\$	287,429,342

2008, General Obligation Bonds, Series B

On November 2, 2017, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series B in the amount of \$30,337,787. The Series B bonds were issued as both capital appreciation and current interest bonds. The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the amount of \$28,572,787 with an accretion value of \$90,962,213 and an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$121,300,000. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$31,435,668 (representing the principal amount of \$30,337,787 plus an original issuance premium of \$1,789,819, less cost of issuance of \$691,938). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2042 and interest rates of 1.68 to 7.00%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to advance refund the District's 2011 Bond Anticipation Notes. At June 30, 2024 the principal outstanding, including accreted interest, was \$53,891,160.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 2, 2015, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$27,195,000. The Refunding bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$30,469,235 (representing the principal amount of \$27,195,000 plus an original issuance premium of \$3,504,885, less cost of issuance of \$230,650). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2032 and interest rates of 2.00 to 5.25%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to provide current refunding of the District's outstanding 2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series A and advance refund the District's outstanding 2002 General obligation Bonds, Series C. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$3,395,588 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$2,461,338 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and new debt service requirements. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$6,700,000.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On March 16, 2016, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$49,545,000. The Refunding bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$56,854,917 (representing the principal amount of \$49,545,000 plus an original issuance premium of \$7,679,825, less cost of issuance of \$369,908). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2034 and interest rates of 2.00 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to provide advance refunding of the District's outstanding 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$9,812,075 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$6,527,937 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and new debt service requirements. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$42,195,000.

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D

On August 18, 2021, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D in the amount of \$10,895,098. The Series D bonds were issued as both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds. The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the amount of \$1,430,098 with an accretion value of \$1,754,902 and an aggregate principal debt balance of \$3,185,000. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$10,527,797 (representing the principal amount of \$10,895,095 less an original issuance discount of \$122,378 and cost of issuance of \$244,923). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2043 and interest rates of 3.00 to 4.16%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding, including accreted interest, was \$10,291,564.

2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series A

On May 7, 2019, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series A in the amount of \$56,430,000. The Series A bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$62,022,997 (representing the principal amount of \$56,430,000 plus an original issuance premium of \$6,183,717, less cost of issuance of \$590,720). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2049 and interest rates of 4.00 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$44,005,000.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series E

On August 18, 2021, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series E in the amount of \$33,496,221. The Series E bonds were issued as capital appreciation bonds with an accretion value of \$24,053,779 and an aggregate principal debt balance of \$57,550,000. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$33,202,935 (representing the principal amount of \$33,496,221 less cost of issuance of \$293,286). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2046 and interest rates of 0.39 to 2.45%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding, including accreted interest, was \$35,528,036.

2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series B

On August 18, 2021, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series B in the amount of \$53,310,000. The Series B bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$58,347,191 (representing the principal amount of \$53,310,000 plus an original issuance premium of \$5,503,962, less cost of issuance of \$466,771). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2050 with an interest rate of 4.00%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$47,510,000.

2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On August 18, 2021, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$14,360,000. The Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued at an aggregate price of \$14,230,507 (representing the principal amount of \$14,360,000 less cost of issuance of \$129,493). The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2030 and interest rates of 0.12 to 1.88%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds were used to provide advance refunding of the District's outstanding 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow saving of \$988,350 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$891,784 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and new debt service requirements. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$13,300,000.

2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series F

On May 7, 2024, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series F in the amount of \$14,008,582. The Series F bonds were issued as capital appreciation bonds with an accretion value of \$14,008,582 and an aggregate principal debt balance of \$43,355,000. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2049 and interest rates of 4.72 to 4.80%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding, including accreted interest, was \$14,008,582.

2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series C

On May 7, 2024, El Monte Union High School District issued the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series C in the amount of \$20,000,000. The Series C bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2053 with an interest rates of 4.00 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of bonds will be used to modernize, repair, and construct school facilities. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$20,000,000.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2025	\$	5,832,384	\$ 7,670,082	\$	13,502,466	
2026		6,249,700	7,572,215		13,821,915	
2027		6,958,796	7,467,316		14,426,112	
2028		7,430,863	7,421,915		14,852,778	
2029		7,842,685	7,367,562		15,210,247	
2030 - 2034		44,465,810	34,985,080		79,450,890	
2035 - 2039		29,449,124	64,353,476		93,802,600	
2040 - 2044		57,251,600	57,978,162		115,229,762	
2045 - 2049		77,215,200	52,454,550		129,669,750	
2050 - 2053		16,285,000	1,631,685		17,916,685	
Accretion		28,448,180	(28,448,180)			
Total	\$	287,429,342	\$ 220,453,863	\$	507,883,205	

B. Financed Purchases

On December 1, 2017, El Monte Union High School District entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California in order to finance the acquisition, construction, and installation of solar photovoltaic systems at Arroyo High School, Mountain View High School, Rosemead High School, South El Monte High School, and Rosemead Adult School. Under the agreement, semi-annual debt services payment will commence beginning August 1, 2018 and end on August 1, 2042. At June 30, 2024, the principal outstanding was \$9,645,000.

Future payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 280,000	\$ 469,298	\$	749,298	
2026	310,000	455,210		765,210	
2027	330,000	439,898		769,898	
2028	355,000	423,360		778,360	
2029	385,000	405,598		790,598	
2030 - 2034	2,345,000	1,713,775		4,058,775	
2035 - 2039	3,130,000	1,051,173		4,181,173	
2040 - 2043	2,510,000	247,450		2,757,450	
Total	\$ 9,645,000	\$ 5,205,762	\$	14,850,762	

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. Leases

The District entered an agreement to lease copiers for 57 months, beginning December 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2024. Under the terms of the lease, the District paid the monthly payments of \$10,055, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$120,660. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 4.0%. At June 30, 2024, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of amortization of \$27,653 and a lease liability of \$20,012 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$110,619 in amortization expense and \$3,359 in interest expense for the right-to-use of the copiers.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lease Payment				
2025	\$	20,112			
Total minimum lease payments		20,112			
Less amount representing interest		(100)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	20,012			

D. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$1,741,310. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$32,912,066 and increased by \$1,519,691 during the year ended June 30, 2024. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 was \$34,431,757. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

F. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$122,063,199 and increased by \$8,688,414 during the year ended June 30, 2024. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2024 was \$130,751,613. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2024:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Non-spendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ 5,300	\$ 35,300
Stores inventory	373,797	-	136,913	510,710
Total non-spendable	403,797	-	142,213	546,010
Restricted				
Educational programs	25,899,720	-	11,116,054	37,015,774
Food service	-	-	3,819,136	3,819,136
Associated student body	-	-	1,142,646	1,142,646
Capital projects	-	95,546,895	5,332,946	100,879,841
Debt service		-	4,346,662	4,346,662
Total restricted	25,899,720	95,546,895	25,757,444	147,204,059
Committed				
Deferred maintenance	-	-	5,928,752	5,928,752
Other commitments	41,259,195	-	-	41,259,195
Total committed	41,259,195	-	5,928,752	47,187,947
Assigned				_
Postemployment benefits	3,146,802	-	-	3,146,802
Other assignments	13,298,397	-	-	13,298,397
Total assigned	16,445,199	-		16,445,199
Unassigned	5,659,933	-	-	5,659,933
Total	\$ 89,667,844	\$ 95,546,895	\$ 31,828,409	\$ 217,043,148

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The El Monte Union High School District provides a single employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan as described below. Additionally, the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer OPEB plan, the Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program, as described below. The District reported its total OPEB liability and its' proportionate share of the total OPEB liabilities related to the MPP Program, OPEB expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	Т	otal OPEB	ΩP	EB expense		
District OPEB Plan	\$	34,137,825 293.932	\$ 2,836,309	\$ 2,549,248	\$	3,156,392
MPP Program Total	\$	34,431,757	\$ 2,836,309	\$ 2,549,248	\$	(174,495) 2,981,897

1. <u>District OPEB Plan</u>

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The El Monte Union High School District administers a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The El Monte Union High School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) provides retiree medical and prescription drug coverage as described below. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement.

Upon attainment of age 55 and completion of at least 15 years of continuous District service, all employees including Classified, Certificated, Management, or non-represented, may retire and receive a District-paid contribution towards medical/prescription drug coverage, subject to making any required retiree contributions. Classified employees must have regularly worked at least four hours daily to be eligible. CSEA members hired on or after October 1, 1982, who regularly worked between four and five and a half hours per day, will receive 50% of the full District contribution, and those who regularly worked between six and seven and a half hours per day will receive 75% of the full District contribution. Benefits end at age 65. Dental and vision benefits have been extended to all new retirees beginning on July 1, 2009 and are 100% District-paid regardless of tier.

B. Contributions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$796,189 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

1. <u>District OPEB Plan (continued)</u>

C. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	55
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	829
Total number of participants**	884

^{*}Information not provided

D. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$34,137,825 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023.

E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024 and applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.50% Salary increases rate 3.00% Discount rates 3.97%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.50% decreasing to 4.00% for 2030 and later

Non-economic assumptions:

Preretirement Mortality:

Certificated: Mortality Rates for active employees from CalSTRS Experience

Analysis (2015-2018).

Classified: Preretirement Mortality Rates from CalPERS Experience Study

(2000-2019).

Postretirement Mortality:

Certificated: Mortality Rates for retired members and beneficiaries from

CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018).

Classified: Post-retirement Mortality Rates for Healthy Recipients from

CalPERS Experience Study (2000-2019).

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity 20 Years General Obligation Municipal Index.

^{**}As of the July 1, 2023 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

1. <u>District OPEB Plan (continued)</u>

F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Jui	ne 30, 2024
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	1,597,592
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,293,623
Difference between expected and actual experience		(317,487)
Changes of assumptions		(267,474)
Benefits payments		(796,189)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,510,065
Total OPEB liability - beginning		32,627,760
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	34,137,825
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A*

^{*}The OPEB Plan is not administered by a trust and contributions are not based on a measure of pay, therefore, covered-employee payroll is not presented.

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

				Valuation			
	19	1% Decrease (2.97%)		Discount Rate (3.97%)		1% Increase (4.97%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	36,605,157	\$	34,137,825	\$	31,761,082	

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase		
		(4.50%)		(5.50%)		(6.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	30,301,988	\$	34,137,825	\$	38,608,568	

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

1. <u>District OPEB Plan (continued)</u>

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,156,392. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 632,789 2,203,520	\$	283,349 2,265,899
Total	\$ 2,836,309	\$	2,549,248

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2025	\$	710,564	\$	445,387
2026		710,564		445,387
2027		582,251		445,387
2028		329,819		445,387
2029		174,971		445,387
Thereafter		328,140		322,313
Total	\$	2,836,309	\$	2,549,248

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

2. MPP Program

A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) administers a hybrid retirement system consisting of a defined benefit plan, two defined contribution plans, a postemployment benefit plan and a fund used to account for ancillary activities associated with various deferred compensation plans and programs. The postemployment benefit plan component is the Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program. The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF). The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the STRP DB Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A.

As of June 30, 2023, 4,726 retirees participated in the MPP Program. The number of retired members who will participate in the program in the future is unknown as eligibility cannot be predetermined. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis from a portion of monthly employer contributions. In accordance with California Education Code section 22950, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

The parameters for employer contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and the Governor and detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. Current contribution rates were established with the enactment of AB 1469 in 2014 (the CalSTRS Funding Plan).

B. Net OPEB Liability

The District's net MPP Program OPEB liability of \$293,932 was measured as of June 30, 2023 by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the MPP Program relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.097 percent.

C. <u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u>

The June 30, 2024 net OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023 using the assumptions listed in the following table:

	June 30, 2023
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
	July 1, 2015 through
Experience Study	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%
Medicare Part A Premium Costs Trend Rate ¹	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Costs Trend Rate ¹	5.30%

¹ Trend rates indicate medical inflation in the specific year and therefore affect the premiums for the following year. For example, the projected 2022-2023 premium is the 2021-2022 premium increased by the assumed 2021-2022 trend rate.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

2. MPP Program (continued)

C. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

In addition, assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the member's age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program.

For the valuation as of June 30, 2022, CalSTRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2018, experience study. CalSTRS now uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among the members.

The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease	aluation count Rate	1% Increase	
	(2.65%)		(3.65%)	(4.65%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	319,444	\$ 293,932	\$	271,750

E. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Healt	thcare Cost			
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	1% Increase		
	(3.3	(3.30% Part A and 4.50%		80% Part A	(5.30% Part A		
	an			and 5.50%		and 6.50%	
		Part B)		Part B)		Part B)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	270,447	\$	293,932	\$	320,446	

F. OPEB Expense

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(174,495).

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	Deferred Net pension outflows relate Liability to pensions		flows related	Deferred inflows related to pensions		Pension expense	
CalSTRS Pension	\$	73,775,313	\$	29,316,567	\$	8,751,223	\$	11,599,987
CalPERS Pension		56,976,300		18,868,810		2,096,663		9,045,309
Total	\$	130,751,613	\$	48,185,377	\$	10,847,886	\$	20,645,296

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2024, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$12,291,265 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$5,653,937 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 73,775,313
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	35,348,466
Total	\$ 109,123,779

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.097 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$11,599,987. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(513,326) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$ 315,788
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,797,524	3,947,354
Changes in assumptions		427,186	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		10,800,592	4,488,081
District contributions subsequent		40.004.005	
to the measurement date		12,291,265	
Total	\$	29,316,567	\$ 8,751,223

The \$12,291,265 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	C	of Resources	of	Resources
2025	\$ 4,140,393		\$	4,903,182
2026		3,336,269		6,183,861
2027		3,237,000		(4,375,679)
2028		2,668,780		1,808,346
2029		2,668,779		231,513
2030		974,081		-
Total	\$	17,025,302	\$	8,751,223

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2023 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	38%	5.25%
Real Estate	15%	4.05%
Private Equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14%	2.45%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	0.05%
	100%	

^{*}Real return is net of assumed 2.75% inflation.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	_			_
the net pension liability	\$ 123,752,201	\$	73,775,313	\$ 32,263,683

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 8.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 26.68% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$8,078,826 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$56,976,300 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.157 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,045,309. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 6,085,883	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,079,226	875,072
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences	2,624,875	-
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	1,221,591
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 8,078,826	 <u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 18,868,810	\$ 2,096,663

The \$8,078,826 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	rred Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
2025	\$ 3,270,514	\$ 1,224,969
2026	2,652,292	715,004
2027	4,677,779	156,690
2028	189,399	-
Total	\$ 10,789,984	\$ 2,096,663

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 6.90%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of scale MP 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2000 through 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Assumed Asset	Real Return
Allocation	Years 1 - 10*
30.0%	4.54%
12.0%	3.84%
13.0%	7.28%
5.0%	0.27%
5.0%	0.50%
10.0%	1.56%
5.0%	2.27%
5.0%	2.48%
5.0%	3.57%
15.0%	3.21%
(5.0)%	(0.59)%
100.0%	
	Allocation 30.0% 12.0% 13.0% 5.0% 5.0% 10.0% 5.0% 5.0% 5.0% (5.0)%

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period. Figures are based on the 2021-22 CalPERS Asset Liability Management Study

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	Increase (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 82,373,003	\$	56,976,300	\$ 35,986,504

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$56,672,752.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the California Schools Voluntary Employee Benefits Association (SCSVEBA) and the Merge Risk Management Public Entity Risk Pool (MERGE). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2024, the deferred amount on refunding was \$5,239,518.

B. Pension Plans

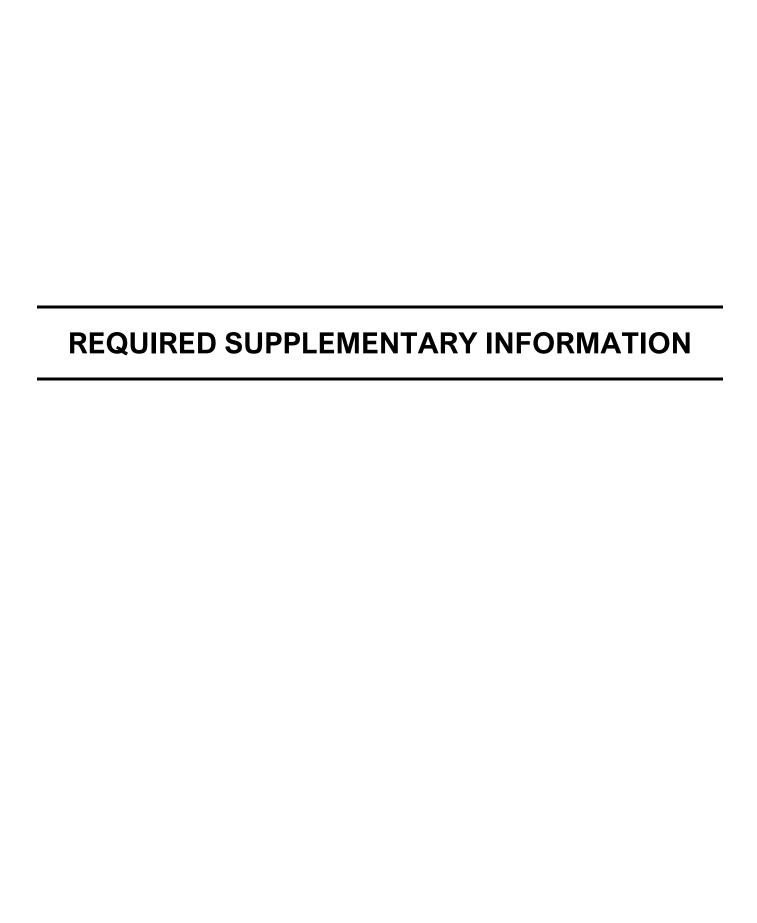
Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2024, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$48,185,377 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$10,847,886.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2024, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,836,309 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,549,248.

D. Leases

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the District recognized deferred inflows of resources related to leases in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred inflows of resources can be found at Notes 1 and 3B. At June 30, 2024, total deferred inflows related to leases was \$567,867.



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted /	Amo	unts		Actual*	٧	ariances -
	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fin	al to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 134,119,402	\$	145,074,366	\$	134,916,914	\$	(10,157,452)
Federal sources	18,156,506		21,864,618		20,734,853		(1,129,765)
Other state sources	27,351,402		17,339,773		13,520,782		(3,818,991)
Other local sources	9,058,647		8,821,356		13,091,815		4,270,459
Total Revenues	 188,685,957		193,100,113		182,264,364		(10,835,749)
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	69,093,137		73,654,352		64,328,374		9,325,978
Classified salaries	24,699,960		26,907,612		26,865,149		42,463
Employee benefits	45,624,558		41,739,891		41,576,159		163,732
Books and supplies	12,165,397		16,972,164		9,698,262		7,273,902
Services and other operating expenditures	28,142,085		37,258,373		26,839,511		10,418,862
Capital outlay	11,506,641		15,921,053		12,784,073		3,136,980
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	459,957		403,015		866,914		(463,899)
Transfers of indirect costs	 (615,080)		(740,220)		(744,032)		3,812
Total Expenditures	191,076,655		212,116,240		182,214,410		29,901,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (2,390,698)		(19,016,127)		49,954		19,066,081
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(1,092,283)		(1,450,000)		(6,450,000)		(5,000,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,092,283)		(1,450,000)		(6,450,000)		(5,000,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,482,981)		(20,466,127)		(6,400,046)		14,066,081
Fund Balance - Beginning	88,489,919		88,489,919		88,489,919		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 85,006,938	\$	68,023,792	\$	82,089,873	\$	14,066,081

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance because the amounts reported on this schedule do not include the prior year audit adjustment. Additionally, amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – DISTRICT OPEB PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ne 30, 2024	June 30, 2023		Ju	ine 30, 2022	Ju	ıne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability						_						_		
Service cost	\$	1,597,592	\$	1,590,705	\$	1,655,207	\$	1,337,075	\$	1,264,218	\$	1,095,821	\$	1,095,821
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,293,623		1,193,690		654,751		723,428		830,247		891,978		894,069
Difference between expected and actual experience		(317,487)		316,707	180,812			519,189		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(267,474)		838,685		(3,174,650)		877,885		1,502,011		1,796,418		(1,363,348)
Benefits payments		(796,189)	(995,045)		(752,302)			(870,405)		(646,386)		(993,692)		(888,085)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,510,065		2,944,742		(1,436,182)		2,587,172		2,950,090		2,790,525		(261,543)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		32,627,760		29,683,018		31,119,200		28,532,028		25,581,938		22,791,413		23,052,956
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	34,137,825	\$	32,627,760	\$	29,683,018	\$	31,119,200	\$	28,532,028	\$	25,581,938	\$	22,791,413
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*

^{*}The OPEB Plan is not administered by a trust and contributions are not based on a measure of pay, therefore, covered-employee payroll is not presented.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MPP PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ne 30, 2024		June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022			June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018
District's proportion of the collective net MPP District OPEB liability		0.097%		0.086%		0.140%		0.149%		0.165%	0.179%		0.166%
District's proportionate share of the collective net MPP Program OPEB liability	\$	293,932	\$	284,306	\$	559,051	\$	724,438	\$	614,597	\$ 683,182	\$	698,886
District's covered-employee payroll	N/A*			N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*	N/A*		N/A*
District's proportionate share of the collective net MPP Program OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*	N/A*		N/A*
MPP Program fiduciary net position as a percentage of the net OPEB liability		(0.960%)		(0.940%)		(0.800%)		(0.710%)		(0.810%)	(0.400%)		0.010%

^{*} Not applicable - The MPP Program is closed to new entrants. Members who retire on or after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Jı	une 30, 2024	J	une 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		J	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		ıne 30, 2016	Jı	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.097%		0.097%		0.093%		0.098%		0.093%		0.099%		0.092%		0.099%		0.100%		0.098%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	73,775,313	\$	67,695,775	\$	42,433,497	\$	95,073,106	\$	84,259,301	\$	91,392,124	\$	84,857,991	\$	80,399,644	\$	67,293,511	\$	57,275,854
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	35,348,466 109,123,779	\$	33,902,243 101,598,018	\$	21,350,890 63,784,387	\$	49,101,197 144,174,303	\$	45,969,074 130,228,375	\$	52,326,522 143,718,646	\$	50,201,679 135,059,670	\$	45,776,821 126,176,465	\$	35,590,753 102,884,264	\$	34,585,634 91,861,488
District's covered payroll	\$	62,242,797	\$	57,600,284	\$	51,927,808	\$	54,408,058	\$	52,179,232	\$	52,316,674	\$	50,394,706	\$	50,182,852	\$	47,319,685	\$	43,655,261
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		118.5%		117.5%		81.7%		174.7%		161.5%		174.7%		168.4%		160.2%		142.2%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.6%		81.2%		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Jı	une 30, 2024	Jı	ıne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Ju	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		ine 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		Ju	ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.157%		0.158%		0.161%		0.166%		0.157%		0.171%		0.174%		0.174%		0.173%		0.163%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	56,976,300	\$	54,367,424	\$	32,697,188	\$	51,004,398	\$	45,688,056	\$	45,597,609	\$	38,929,238	\$	34,412,310	\$	25,529,882	\$	1,845,072
District's covered payroll	\$	27,281,993	\$	24,964,029	\$	23,120,101	\$	23,996,714	\$	21,758,211	\$	23,074,258	\$	20,904,738	\$	20,857,052	\$	19,234,593	\$	17,083,753
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		208.8%		217.8%		141.4%		212.5%		210.0%		197.6%		186.2%		165.0%		132.7%		10.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		69.8%		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	12,291,265	\$	11,593,398	\$	9,745,968	\$	8,386,341	\$	9,303,778	\$	8,494,779	\$	7,549,296	\$	6,339,654	\$	5,384,620	\$	4,201,988	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(12,291,265)		(11,593,398)		(9,745,968)		(8,386,341)		(9,303,778)		(8,494,779)		(7,549,296)		(6,339,654)		(5,384,620)		(4,201,988)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	
District's covered payroll	\$	66,756,870	\$	62,242,797	\$	57,600,284	\$	51,927,808	\$	54,408,058	\$	52,179,232	\$	52,316,674	\$	50,394,706	\$	50,182,852	\$	47,319,685	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.41%		18.63%		16.92%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,078,826	\$	6,925,176	\$	5,719,259	\$	4,785,861	\$	4,732,392	\$	3,929,968	\$	3,583,663	\$	2,903,250	\$	2,470,935	\$	2,264,104	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(8,078,826)		(6,925,176)		(5,719,259)		(4,785,861)		(4,732,392)		(3,929,968)		(3,583,663)		(2,903,250)		(2,470,935)		(2,264,104)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
District's covered payroll	\$	29,920,999	\$	27,281,993	\$	24,964,029	\$	23,120,101	\$	23,996,714	\$	21,758,211	\$	23,074,258	\$	20,904,738	\$	20,857,052	\$	19,234,593	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		27.00%		25.38%		22.91%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total/Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total/net OPEB liability, and the components of the total/net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability, and the total/net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.86% to 3.97% since the previous measurement for the District OPEB Plan. The discount rate changed from 3.54% to 3.65% since the previous valuation for the MPP Program.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS or CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS or CalPERS.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

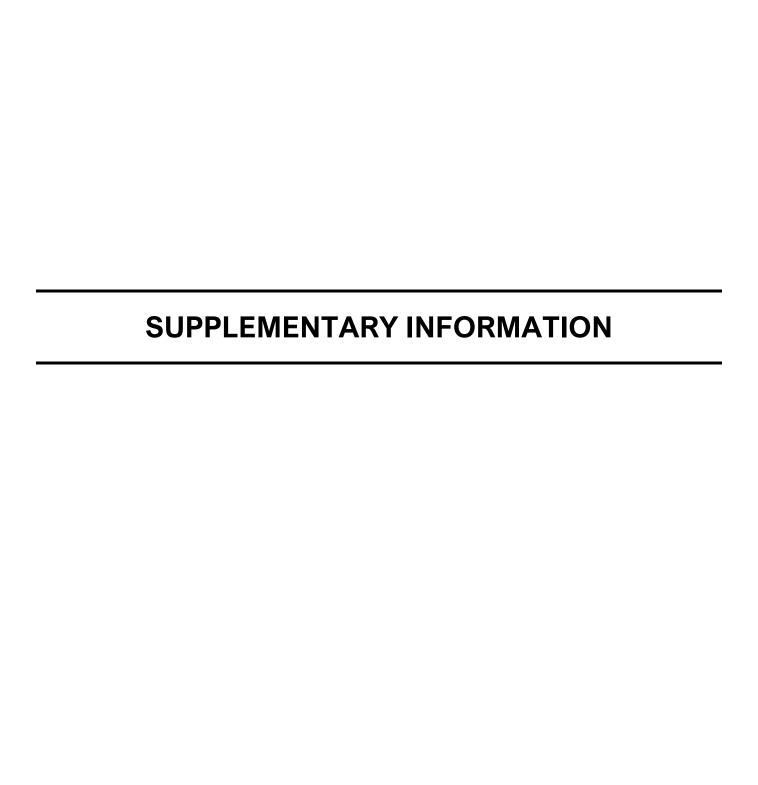
NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District incurred no excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal enditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	2,998,117
Adult Education				
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508		1,340,436
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978		286,910
Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109		162,603
Subtotal Adult Education				1,789,949
Title I, Migrant Education	84.011	14326		60,177
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341		515,143
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		244,927
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		237,995
Special Education Cluster				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		1,859,860
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197		92,495
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				1,952,355
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)				
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)	84.048	14894		361,295
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V): Adult	84.048	14893		24,918
Subtotal Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)				386,213
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants:				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425	15547		1,112,569
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559		8,322,473
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155		4,453,767
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621		425,314
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				14,314,123
Total U. S. Department of Education			-	22,498,999
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526		1,459,247
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		3,607,798
USDA Commodities	10.555	*		429,874
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655		242,017
Local Food for Schools	10.555	15708		48,912
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				5,787,848
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				5,787,848
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR:				
Passed through California Department of Rehabilitation:				
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) - Youth Program	17.259	10055		50,720
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury				50,720
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	28,337,567

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	6,675.09	6,633.96
Extended Year Special Education	9.05	9.05
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	18.02	17.22
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.57	1.57
Community Day School	16.70	16.97
Total Ninth through Twelfth	6,720.43	6,678.77
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,720.43	6,678.77

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2023-24		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Grade 9	64,800	64,842	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,842	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,842	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,842	180	Complied

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	20	025 (Budget)	2024	2023	2022
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	154,105,179 \$	182,264,364	\$ 184,722,179	\$ 156,951,947
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		177,755,293	188,664,410	158,644,125	150,233,911
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(23,650,114) \$	(6,400,046)	\$ 26,078,054	\$ 6,718,036
Ending Fund Balance	\$	58,439,759 \$	82,089,873	\$ 88,489,919	\$ 65,828,251
Available Reserves*	\$	5,332,659 \$	5,659,933	\$ 8,971,470	\$ 19,362,022
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		3.00%	3.00%	5.66%	12.89%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	472,804,031 \$	480,228,875	\$ 441,820,462	\$ 398,801,342
Average Daily					
Attendance At P-2		6,370	6,720	7,246	7,427

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$16,261,622 over the past two years. However, the fiscal year 2024-25 budget projects a decrease of \$23,650,114. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2024-25 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$81,427,533 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 707 ADA over the past two years. An additional decline of 350 ADA is anticipated during the 2024-25 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include prior year audit adjustment. Additionally, amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Go	eneral Fund	Fur Th	ecial Reserve nd for Other nan Capital tlay Projects	En	cial Reserve for Post- nployment nefits Fund
June 30, 2024, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$	82,089,873	\$	4,431,169	\$	3,146,802
Adjustments and reclassifications:						
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:						
Fair value adjustment - cash in county treasury		-		-		-
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		7,577,971		(4,431,169)		(3,146,802)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		7,577,971		(4,431,169)		(3,146,802)
June 30, 2024, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	89,667,844	\$	-	\$	-

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Stud	dent Activity Fund	Adı	ult Education Fund	Cafet	eria Fund	ľ	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	nty School ities Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital Itlay Projects	Interest and emption Fund	lon-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash and investments	\$	1,142,646	\$	9,521,933	\$	3,029,398	\$	6,313,343	\$	956,217	\$ 36,292	\$	4,331,647	\$ 4,346,662	\$ 29,678,138
Accounts receivable		-		2,186,397		988,604		18,656		58,755	539		299,410	-	3,552,361
Stores inventory		-		121,721		15,192		-		-	-		-	-	136,913
Total Assets	\$	1,142,646	\$	11,830,051	\$	4,033,194	\$	6,331,999	\$	1,014,972	\$ 36,831	\$	4,631,057	\$ 4,346,662	\$ 33,367,412
LIABILITIES															
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	592,276	\$	193,566	\$	403,247	\$	117,767	\$ 36,315	\$	195,832	\$ -	\$ 1,539,003
Total Liabilities		-		592,276		193,566		403,247		117,767	36,315		195,832	-	1,539,003
FUND BALANCES															
Non-spendable		-		121,721		20,492		-		-	-		-	-	142,213
Restricted		1,142,646		11,116,054		3,819,136		-		897,205	516		4,435,225	4,346,662	25,757,444
Committed		-		-		-		5,928,752		-	-		-	-	5,928,752
Total Fund Balances		1,142,646		11,237,775	_	3,839,628		5,928,752		897,205	516		4,435,225	4,346,662	31,828,409
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,142,646	\$	11,830,051	\$	4,033,194	\$	6,331,999	\$	1,014,972	\$ 36,831	\$	4,631,057	\$ 4,346,662	\$ 33,367,412

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Student Act	ivity	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	•	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES										
LCFF sources	\$	- \$	•	•	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	,,
Federal sources		-	1,814,867	6,004,193	-	-	-	-	-	7,819,060
Other state sources		-	13,072,164	1,928,591	-	-	-	730,876	68,397	15,800,028
Other local sources	3,19	3,931	851,926	95,870	154,617	803,141	17,124	1,825,990	14,102,564	21,050,163
Total Revenues	3,19	3,931	15,738,957	8,028,654	6,154,617	803,141	17,124	2,556,866	14,170,961	50,669,251
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Instruction		-	7,570,287	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,570,287
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		-	706,683	-	-	-	-	-	-	706,683
School site administration		-	3,541,420	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,541,420
Pupil services										
Food services		-	-	6,772,081	-	-	-	-	-	6,772,081
All other pupil services		-	625,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	625,547
General administration										
All other general administration		-	587,680	156,352	-	8,250	-	-	-	752,282
Plant services		-	1,922,874	-	418,582	-	-	50,546	-	2,392,002
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-	2,655,245	763,511	243,917	6,919,662	-	10,582,335
Ancillary services	3,21	0,553	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,210,553
Enterprise activities		· -	-	2,209	-	-	-	-	-	2,209
Debt service				•						·
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	8,330,135	8,330,135
Interest and other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,044,130	7,044,130
Total Expenditures	3,21	0,553	14,954,491	6,930,642	3,073,827	771,761	243,917	6,970,208	15,374,265	51,529,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, -		.,,	-,,	
Over Expenditures	(1	1,622)	784,466	1,098,012	3,080,790	31,380	(226,793)	(4,413,342)	(1,203,304)	(860,413)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,- ,		, , .	-,,	,,,,,	((, -,- ,	() /	(3.3.7, 3/
Other sources		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	302,595	302,595
Transfers out		_	(62,085)	_	_	_	_	_	-	(62,085)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(62,085)	-	-	-	-	-	302,595	240,510
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1	1,622)	722,381	1,098,012	3,080,790	31,380	(226,793)	(4,413,342)	(900,709)	(619,903)
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,268	10,515,394	2,741,616	2,847,962		227,309		5,247,371	32,448,312
Fund Balance - Ending		2,646								

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

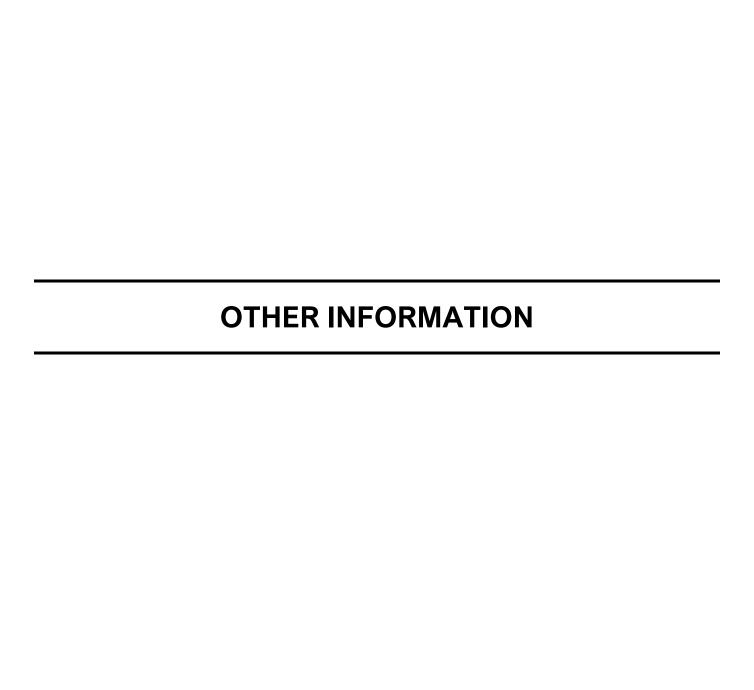
This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

<u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2024

The El Monte Union High School District was organized in 1901 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9 - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates five high schools, a continuation high school, an independent study program, a community day school, and an adult education program. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Ricardo Padilla	President	2026
Qui Nguyen	Vice President	2026
Esthela Torres de Siegrist	Clerk	2024
Florencio F. Briones	Member	2026
Carlos G. Salcedo	Member	2024

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Edward A. Zuniga Superintendent

Wael H. Elatar Chief Business Official

Dr. Laura Rivas Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Robin Torres
Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of El Monte Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Hustylehete, Inc

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether El Monte Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 16, 2024

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of El Monte Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. El Monte Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, El Monte Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of El Monte Union High School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to El Monte Union High School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on El Monte Union High School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding El Monte Union High School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

intplehete, Inc

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 16, 2024

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the requirements specified in the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting applicable to El Monte Union High School District's state program requirements as identified in the table in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, El Monte Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the applicable laws and regulations of the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of El Monte Union High School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to El Monte Union High School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on El Monte Union High School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding El Monte Union High School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Not Applicable
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Not Applicable
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Not Applicable
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Not Applicable
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Ristolehete, Inc

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 16, 2024



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
AL Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.002, 84.002A Adult Education	<u> </u>
Education Stabilization Fund Discretionar	У
84.425, 84.425U Grants	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 850,127
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	<u> </u>
with 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies	? No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE20000
30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2024.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINDING #2023-001: CLASSROOM TEACHER SALARIES (61000)

Criteria: As set forth in California Education Code section 41372, a high school district should expend a minimum of 50% of the District's current expenses of education towards salaries of classroom teachers.

Condition: In the current fiscal year, the District did not meet the minimum percentage requirement of 50%. The District only spent 49.76% on classroom teacher salaries in the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Effect: The District's current expense of education for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$142,443,077 and the total salaries and benefits for classroom teachers was \$70,880,248. The District was below the minimum required percentage of 50% by 0.24% which calculates out to a deficiency of \$341,863.

Cause: The deficiency amount was due to the change in the funding model with implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula.

Questioned Costs: The questioned costs are the deficiency of \$341,863.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that in the future, the District monitor their expenses towards salaries of classroom teachers against their total expenses to be sure that they meet the 50% minimum requirement.

Corrective Action Plan: Due to the ongoing spending of Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants (ESSER) funds, the District has been unable to meet the required percentage. The District has begun to take steps to ensure the required percentage will be met in the future.

Current Status: Implemented.